



## THE PPG - SURGERY NEWS SHEET

# **Surgery News**

Welcome to our new Reception Supervisor at Buxted - Rosie Gower who joined us in mid-January. She has over 20 years' previous experience of working within a GP Surgery.

**Our GP Registrar** - Dr. Charlie Clark will be leaving us at beginning of April; he will be replaced by Dr Stephanie Quinn.

**New telephone queuing system** - in response to patients' comments on having to sometimes wait for the telephone to be answered, we introduced a new queuing system at Buxted at the end of February to help patients to identify our busy peak times. So far, we have received a lot of positive feedback

#### Easter arrangements:

It would be helpful if patients could order their repeat medication before

# Monday 8<sup>th</sup> April 2019

This is to avoid possible supply difficulties; we cannot guarantee obtaining your medication before Easter if requests are made after this date. This does not affect the repeat dispensing service.

## Our medical centres will be closed on the following dates:

Good Friday 19 <sup>th</sup> April	CLOSED
Saturday 20 <sup>th</sup> April	CLOSED
Easter Sunday 21st April	CLOSED
Easter Monday 22 <sup>nd</sup> April	CLOSED

### **National Screening Programs**

Patients often ask about screening programs offered by the NHS. National Screening Programmes are designed to detect early signs of disease in the population and then to provide a reliable method of referral for diagnostic testing and further treatment.

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All information given here can be found at: <a href="https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/nhs-screening/">https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/nhs-screening/</a>
Here is a list of what is offered.

- NHS abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) programme is offered to men in their 65th year to detect abdominal aortic aneurysms (a dangerous swelling in the aorta). Men over 65 can self-refer.
- NHS bowel cancer screening (BCSP) programme there are 2 types of screening for bowel cancer.

A home testing kit is offered to men and women aged 60 to 74.

Bowel scope screening uses a thin, flexible tube with a tiny camera on the end to look at the large bowel. It is offered to men and women at the age of 55 in some parts of England.

- NHS breast screening (BSP) programme is offered to women aged 50 to 70 to detect early signs of breast cancer. Women over 70 can self-refer.
- NHS cervical screening (CSP) programme is offered to women aged 25 to 64 to check the health of cells in the cervix. It is offered every 3 years for those aged 26 to 49, and every 5 years from the ages of 50 to 64.



Cervical screening can stop cancer before it starts
Don't ignore your invite letter. If you missed your last one,
book an appointment with us today.



• NHS diabetic eye screening (DES) programme from the age of 12, all people with diabetes are offered an annual diabetic eye test to check for early signs of diabetic retinopathy.

Pregnant women are offered the following types of screening:

- NHS fetal anomaly screening programme (FASP) (mid pregnancy scan)
- NHS infectious diseases in pregnancy screening (IDPS) programme (hepatitis B, HIV and syphilis)
- screening for Down's syndrome, Patau's syndrome and Edwards' syndrome

New born babies are offered:

- NHS newborn and infant physical examination (NIPE) screening programme (which includes the eyes, heart, hips and testes)
- NHS newborn blood spot (NBS) screening programme (to check if the baby has any of 9 rare conditions)
- NHS newborn hearing screening programme (NHSP)
- NHS sickle cell and thalassemia (SCT) screening programme

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#### Benefits, risks and limitations of screening

Making an informed choice

Before having any screening test, it's worth finding out about the test itself and what would happen next if you found out you have a higher risk of a particular condition.

Deciding whether or not to have a screening test is a personal choice and one which only you can make. When you are invited for screening, you will receive an information leaflet about the screening test.

You can discuss any aspect of the screening test with your health professional and decide whether or not it's right for you.

Different types of screening have different benefits and risks. Some of these are listed below.

#### The benefits of having a screening test include:

- Screening can detect a problem early, before you have any symptoms.
- Finding out about a problem early can mean that treatment is more effective.
- Finding out you have a health problem or an increased risk of a health problem can help people make better informed decisions about their health.
- Screening can reduce the risk of developing a condition or its complications.
- Screening can save lives.

#### The risks and limitations of screening include:

- Screening tests are not 100% accurate. You could be told you have a problem
  when you don't this is called a "false positive" and may lead to some people
  having unnecessary further tests or treatment as a result of screening. A
  screening test could also miss a problem this is called a "false negative" and
  could lead to people ignoring symptoms in the future.
- Some screening tests can lead to difficult decisions. For example, if a
  pregnancy screening test tells you your baby has a higher risk of a particular
  condition, you may then be faced with a decision about having further
  diagnostic tests that involve a risk to your pregnancy. If the diagnostic test is
  positive, you may then need to decide whether to continue with your
  pregnancy.
- Finding out you may have a health problem can cause considerable anxiety.
- Even if your screening test result is normal or negative (meaning you are not at high risk), you could still go on to develop the condition.

# Further information about screening Questions about screening results

- For pregnancy or baby screening results, contact your midwife or health visitor.
- For abdominal aortic aneurism or diabetic eye screening, contact your GP or your local screening programme.

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For breast screening, cervical screening or bowel cancer screening, contact your GP, who should receive a copy of your results. You can also contact your local breast screening unit, 01273 664966 or call the bowel cancer screening helpline on: 0800 707 6060.

Carer's Clinic - Please note the new venue and dates for these clinics.

# arers Clinic Bird in Eye Clinic, Uckfield

If you support someone who couldn't manage without your help, why not come and have a free and confidential chat with a Carer Support Worker? 2pm to 5pm on the 2nd Tuesday of each month Dates for 2019 are:

8th January 9th July 13th August 12th February 12th March 10th September 9th April 8th October 14th May 12th November 11th June 10th December

To make an appointment, call us on 01323 738390, visit our website, or drop in on one of the dates above.











# THE HEARING BUS IS COMING TO BUXTED

The East Sussex Hearing Resource Bus will be outside the surgery on Thursday 4th April from 10:30am – 3:30pm Drop in for information or a basic hearing test. Batteries and tubing - bring your Brown NHS Book. The bus is accessible to wheelchair users.

No appointment needed



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